

Cold War Presidential Timeline

*Denotes Containment Program; S.U. = Soviet Union

Harry Truman (D) 1945-1952

- 1945 – _____ ends with Truman's decision to drop _____ on Japan
- 1954 – The U _____ N _____ is created
- 1946 – W. Churchill claimed an _____ has descended upon Europe
- 1947 – * _____ Doctrine aid is aimed at saving _____ & _____
- 1948 – U.S.S.R. cuts off supply route to W. _____ and U.S. responds with an _____
- 1948 – * _____ Plan aid will rebuild _____
- 1949 – U.S.S.R. detonates their first _____
- 1949 – Civil War in _____ turns most populous country into a _____ Nation
- 1949 – * _____ Alliance is created to offset Soviet influence in _____. Europe
- 1950 – * _____ Conflict begins; as a result United Nations police action begins to defend S. Korea
- 1950 – (R) Sen. _____ claims communists have infested the _____, starts 2nd _____ Scare
- 1951 – _____ are tried and sentenced for providing nuclear secrets to the Soviets; executed _____
- 1952 – The first _____ is detonated by U.S.

Dwight D. Eisenhower (R) 1952-1960

- 1953 – _____ Dies
- 1953 – Korean Conflict _____ in a _____ at the _____th parallel
- 1954 – * _____ Alliance forms to protect _____
- 1955 – Mutually Assured Destruction or _____ Plan introduced by John Foster Dulles
- 1955 – S.U. creates _____ Pact to offset NATO
- 1956 – New Soviet Premier _____ proposes idea of “ _____ ”
- 1957 – _____ launches the U.S. & Soviets into a _____ race
- 1957 – * _____ Doctrine is offered to _____ countries
- 1959 – Communist dictator _____ (Cuba), takes power and seizes all US assets and priv. property
- 1960 – Francis Gary _____ is shot down in his _____ spy plane over U.S.S.R.

John F. Kennedy (D) 1960-1963

- 1961 – Soviets begin constructing _____
- 1961 – _____ of _____ invasion by 1500 CIA-trained Cuban exiles in attempt to _____ Castro (Failure)
- 1962 – U.S. President JFK and Soviet Premiere Khrushchev involve world in the _____
- 1963 – JFK is _____ in Dallas, TX

Lyndon B. Johnson (D) 1963-1968 (Vietnam covered in Vietnam Unit)

- 1964 – U.S. passes resolution to increase troops in _____
- 1968 – U.S. involvement in Vietnam _____; popular opinion _____

Richard M. Nixon (R) 1968-1974

- 1969 – NASA achieves _____ landing
- 1972 – Nixon recognizes _____ & visits the _____
- 1972 – First Strategic A _____ Limitation T _____
- 1973 – U.S. pulls out of _____; 1975 _____ fall

Gerald Ford (R) 1974-1976

Jimmy Carter (D) 1976-1980

- 1979 – Soviets invade _____
- 1980 – U.S. supports _____ fighters
- 1980 – U.S. boycotts Moscow _____ in protest
- 1980 – “ _____ ” occurs during Winter Olympics

Ronald Reagan (R) 1980-1988

- 1983 – Strategic Defense Initiative or _____ initiated by President Reagan
- 1985 – _____ comes to power and introduces _____ (Glasnost) and _____ (Perestroika) _____
- 1988 – Soviets _____ Afghanistan (beaten & frustrated)
- 1989 – Berlin Wall _____; S.U. loses its _____ nations
- 1989 – _____ Massacre in _____

George Bush Sr. (R) 1988-1992

- 1991 – Soviet Union _____
- 1991 – Russia elects _____ to lead new _____

No more Soviet Union means no more Cold War. Capitalism wins and Communism loses!